



DevOps
INSTITUTE



**Certified Agile Service Manager®
Exam Study Guide**



DevOps Institute's SKIL Framework

DevOps Institute is dedicated to advancing the human elements of DevOps success through our human-centered SKIL framework of Skills, Knowledge, Ideas and Learning.

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DevOps Institute

DevOps Institute is dedicated to advancing the human elements of DevOps success. We fulfill our mission through our SKIL framework of Skills, Knowledge, Ideas and Learning.

Certification is one means of showcasing your skills. While we strongly support formal training as the best learning experience and method for certification preparation, DevOps Institute also recognizes that humans learn in different ways from different resources and experiences. As the defacto certification body for DevOps, DevOps Institute has now removed the barrier to certification by removing formal training prerequisites and opening our testing program to anyone who believes that they have the topical knowledge and experience to pass one or more of our certification exams.

This examination study guide will help test-takers prepare by defining the scope of the exam and includes the following:

- Course Description
- Examination Requirements
- DevOps Glossary of Terms
- Value Added Resources
- Sample Exam(s) with Answer Key

These assets provide a guideline for the topics, concepts, vocabulary and definitions that the exam candidate is expected to know and understand in order to pass the exam. The knowledge itself will need to be gained on its own or through training by one of our Global Education Partners.

Test-takers who successfully pass the exam will also receive a certificate and digital badge from DevOps Institute, acknowledging their achievement, that can be shared with their professional online networks.

If you have any questions, please contact our DevOps Institute Customer Service team at CustomerService@DevOpsInstitute.com.



Certified Agile Service Manager (CASM)[®]

DURATION - 16 Hours

Learn how to use Agile Service Management to increase the customer value your processes create and to compete in a fast-paced disruptive world. A Certified Agile Service Manager is the working equivalent of a development Scrum Master. Together, Scrum Masters and Agile Service Managers can instill Agile thinking into the entire IT organization as the basis of a DevOps culture.

OVERVIEW

This course provides an introduction to Agile Service Management, the application, and integration of agile thinking into service management processes. Agile thinking improves IT's effectiveness and efficiency and enables IT to continue to deliver value in the face of changing requirements.

IT Service Management (ITSM) focuses on ensuring IT services deliver value by understanding and optimizing their end-to-end value streams. This course cross-pollinates Agile and ITSM practices to support end-to-end Agile Service Management by scaling to "just enough" process leading to improved flow of work and time to value.

Agile Service Management helps IT to meet customer requirements faster, improve the collaboration between Dev and Ops, overcome constraints in process workflows by taking an iterative approach to process engineering that will improve the velocity of process improvement teams to get more done.

This course positions learners to successfully complete the CASM exam.

COURSE OBJECTIVES

The learning objectives for Certified Agile Service Manager (CASM) include an understanding of:

- What does it mean to "be agile?"
- The Agile Manifesto, its core values, and principles
- Adapting Agile thinking and values into service management
- Agile concepts and practices including DevOps, ITIL[®], SRE, Lean and Scrum
- Scrum roles, artifacts, and events as it applies to processes

Certified Agile Service Manager (CASM)[®]

- The two aspects of Agile Service Management:
 - 1 - Agile Process Improvement—ensuring processes are lean and deliver “just enough” control
 - 2- Agile Process Engineering—applying Agile practices to process engineering projects

AUDIENCE

The target audience for the CASM course is:

- Practice owners and process designers
- Developers who are interested in helping make processes more agile
- Managers who are looking to bridge multiple practices into a DevOps environment
- Employees and managers responsible for engineering or improving process
- Consultants guiding their clients through process improvement and DevOps initiatives
- Anyone responsible for:
 - Managing process-related requirements
 - Ensuring the efficiency and effectiveness of processes
 - Maximizing the value of processes

LEARNER MATERIALS

- Sixteen (16) hours of instructor-led training and exercise facilitation
- The Agile Service Management Guide (pre-class resource)
- Learner Manual (excellent post-class reference)
- Participation in unique hands-on exercises designed to apply concepts
- Sample exam and exam requirements guidelines
- Access to additional sources of information and communities

PREREQUISITES

- Some Familiarity with ITSM processes and Scrum is recommended

CERTIFICATION EXAM

Successfully passing (65%) the 60-minute exam, consisting of 40 multiple-choice questions, leads to the candidate's designation as a *Certified Agile Service Manager*. The certification is governed and maintained by the DevOps Institute.



Certified Agile Service Manager (CASM)[®]

COURSE OUTLINE

- Module 1: Why Agile Service Management?
- Module 2: Agile Service Management
- Module 3: Leveraging Related Guidance
- Module 4: Agile Service Management Roles
- Module 5: Agile Process Engineering
- Module 6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
- Module 7: Agile Service Management Events
- Module 8: Agile Process Improvement

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DevOps Institute

Certified Agile Service
Manager (CASM)[®]

Examination Requirements



Certified Agile Service Manager (CASM)[®] Certification

Certified Agile Service Manager is a certification that is accredited by DevOps Institute. The purpose of this certification and its associated course is to impart, test and validate knowledge of Agile Service Management vocabulary, principles, practices, automation and value.

Eligibility for Examination

Although there are no formal prerequisites for the exam, DevOps Institute highly recommends the following to prepare candidates for the exam leading to the Certified Agile Service Manager certification:

- It is recommended that candidates complete at least 16 contact hours (instruction and labs) as part of a formal, approved training course delivered by an accredited Education Partner of DevOps Institute

Examination Administration

The Certified Agile Service Manager examination is accredited, managed and administered under the strict protocols and standards of DevOps Institute.

Level of Difficulty

The Certified Agile Service Manager certification uses the Bloom Taxonomy of Educational Objectives in the construction of both the learning content and the examination.

- The Certified Agile Service Manager exam contains Bloom 1 questions that test learners' **knowledge** of DevOps and Agile Service Management concepts and vocabulary terms
- The exam also contains Bloom 2 questions that test learners' **comprehension** of these concepts in context

Format of the Examination

Candidates must achieve a passing score to gain the Certified Agile Service Manager Certification.

Exam Type	40 multiple choice questions
Duration	60 minutes
Prerequisites	It is recommended that candidates complete the Certified Agile Service Manager course from an accredited DevOps Institute Education Partner
Supervised	No
Open Book	Yes
Passing Score	65%
Delivery	Web-based
Badge	Certified Agile Service Manager

Exam Topic Areas and Question Weighting

The Certified Agile Service Manager exam requires knowledge of the topic areas specified below:

Topic Area	Description	Max Questions
CASM – 1 Why Agile Service Management?	Need for Agile, and IT Service Management and the values and principles of the Agile Manifesto	4
CASM – 2 Agile Service Management	Goals, objectives, benefits and two aspects of Agile Service Management	4
CASM – 3 Leveraging Related Guidance	Other frameworks that support Agile Service Management	6
CASM – 4 Agile Service Management Roles	Agile Service Management Roles and Responsibilities	5
CASM – 5 Agile Process Engineering	Agile processes, microprocesses and agile process engineering's relationship to Scrum events and artifacts	5
CASM – 6 Agile Service Management Artifacts	Agile Service Management Artifacts	5
CASM – 7 Agile Service Management Events	Agile Service Management Events	6
CASM – 8 Agile Process Improvement	Agile Process Improvement goals, sustaining improvements and automation	5

Concept and Terminology List

The candidate is expected to understand and comprehend the following DevOps and Agile Service Management concepts and vocabulary at a Blooms Level 1 and 2.

- Agile
- Agile Manifesto
- Agile Practice Owner
- Agile Principles
- Agile Process
- Agile Process Engineering
- Agile Process Improvement
- Agile Service Management
- Agile Service Management Team
- Agile Service Manager
- Capacity
- Definition of Done
- DevOps
- DevOps Values
- DevOps Principles
- Increment
- ITIL®
- IT Service Management
- ITIL® Guiding Principles
- Kanban
- Lean
- Lean Principles
- Microprocess
- Microprocess Architecture
- Minimum Viable Process
- Practice
- Practice Backlog
- Practice/Microprocess Planning
- Process
- Process Improvement Review
- Process Standup
- Scrum
- Scrum Pillars
- Scrum Values
- Service
- Site Reliability Engineering (SRE)
- The Sprint
- Sprint Backlog
- Sprint Goal
- Sprint Planning Meeting
- Sprint Retrospective
- Sprint Review
- Strategic Sprint
- Timebox
- User Story
- Value Stream Management
- Value Stream Map
- Velocity
- Waste
- Waterfall

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Term	Definition
Agile	A project management method for complex projects that divides tasks into small “sprints” of work with frequent reassessment and adaptation of plans.
Agile (adjective)	Able to move quickly and easily; well-coordinated. Able to think and understand quickly; able to solve problems and have new ideas.
Agile Manifesto	A formal proclamation of four key values and 12 principles to guide an iterative and people-centric approach to software development.
Agile Practice Owner	Role accountable for the overall quality of a service management practice and owner of the Practice Backlog.
Agile Process	Delivers “just enough” structure and control to enable the organization to achieve its service outcomes in the most expeditious, effective and efficient way possible. It is easy to understand, easy to follow and prizes its collaboration and outcomes more than its artifacts.
Agile Process Engineering	An iterative and incremental approach to designing a process with short, iterative designs of potentially shippable process increments or microprocesses.
Agile Process Improvement	Ensures that IT Service Management agility introduced through Agile Process Engineering is continually reviewed and adjusted as part of IT Service Management's commitment to continual improvement.
Agile Service Management (Agile SM)	Agile Service Management (Agile SM) ensures that IT service management processes reflect agile values and are designed with “just enough” control and structure to enable the delivery of services that enable the ability to do something when and how they are needed or desired.
Agile Service Management Team	A team of at least 3 people (including a customer or practitioner) that is accountable for a single microprocess or a complete service management practice.
Agile Service Manager	An Agile Service Management subject matter expert who is the coach and protector of the Agile Service Management Team.
Capacity	An estimate of the total amount of engineering time available for a given Sprint.
Definition of Done	A shared understanding of expectations that an Increment or backlog item must live up to.

Agile Service Management Taxonomy

DevOps	A cultural and professional movement that stresses communication, collaboration and integration between software developers and IT operations professionals.
Epic	A collection of related user stories that may need to be worked on across multiple Sprints.
Increment	Potentially shippable completed work that is the outcome of a Sprint.
ITIL®	Provides a best practices framework that organizations can adapt to deliver and maintain IT services to provide optimal value for all stakeholders, including the customer.
IT Service Management	Adopting a process approach towards management, focusing on customer needs and IT services for customers rather than IT systems, and stressing continual improvement. (Source: Wikipedia)
INVEST	A mnemonic created by Bill Wake as a reminder of the characteristics of a quality user story.
Kanban	Method of work that pulls the flow of work through a process at a manageable pace.
Lean	Production philosophy that focuses on reducing waste and improving the flow of processes to improve overall customer value.
Microprocess	A distinct activity that can be defined, designed, implemented and managed independently and is generally associated with a primary service management practice. A microprocess may be integrated with other service management practices
Microprocess Architecture	A collection of integrated microprocesses that collectively perform all of the activities necessary for an end-to-end service management practice to be successful.
Minimum Viable Process	The least amount needed in order for this process or microprocess to meet its Definition of Done.
Plan-Do-Check-Act	A four-stage cycle for process management and improvement attributed to W. Edwards Deming. Sometimes called the Deming Cycle or PDCA.
Practice	A complete end to end capability for managing a specific aspect of service delivery (e.g. changes, incidents, service levels).
Practice Backlog	A prioritized list of everything that needs to be designed or improved for a practice including current and future requirements.

Agile Service Management Taxonomy

Practice/Microprocess Planning	A high-level event to define the goals, objectives, inputs, outcomes, activities, stakeholders, tools and other aspects of a practice. This meeting is not timeboxed.
Process	Structured set of activities designed to accomplish a specific objective. A process takes inputs and turns them into defined outputs.
Process Standup	A timeboxed event of 15 minutes to inspect progress towards the Sprint Goal and identify impediments as quickly as possible.
Scrum	A simple framework for effective team collaboration on complex projects. Scrum provides a small set of rules that create "just enough" structure for teams to be able to focus their innovation on solving what might otherwise be an insurmountable challenge.
Scrum Guide	The definition of Scrum concepts and practices, written by Ken Schwaber and Jeff Sutherland.
Scrum Pillars	Pillars that uphold the Scrum framework that include: Transparency, Inspection, and Adaption.
Scrum Values	A set of fundamental values and qualities underpinning the Scrum framework: commitment, focus, openness, respect and courage.
Service	Enables the ability to do something when and how it is needed or desired. It enables its customers to achieve their objectives more efficiently and/or more effectively than they could without the service.
Service Management Practice	A complete end to end capability for managing a specific aspect of service delivery (e.g., changes, incidents, service levels).
The Sprint	A period of <4 weeks during which an increment of work is completed.
Sprint Backlog	A subset of the Practice Backlog that represents the work that must be completed to realize the Sprint Goal.
Sprint Goal	The purpose and objective of a Sprint, often expressed as a business problem that is going to be solved.
Sprint Planning	A 4-8 hour timeboxed event that defines the Sprint Goal, the increment of the Practice Backlog that will be done during the Sprint and how it will be done.
Sprint Retrospective	A 1.5-3 hour timeboxed event during which the Team reviews the last Sprint and identifies and prioritizes improvements for the next Sprint.
Sprint Review	A timeboxed event of 4 hours or less where the Team and stakeholders inspect the work resulting from the Sprint and update the Practice Backlog.

Agile Service Management Taxonomy

Strategic Sprint	A <4 week timeboxed Sprint during which strategic elements that were defined during Practice Planning are completed so that the Team can move on to designing the activities of the process.
Timebox	The maximum duration of an event.
User Story	A brief statement used to describe a requirement from a user's perspective. User stories are used to facilitate communication, planning, and negotiation activities between the stakeholders and the Agile Service Management Team.
Value Stream Management	A management approach that focuses on the end-to-end flow of customers, their challenge and ideas (as input) to target business value (as output) through best practices and by the elimination of wasted time and resources.
Value Stream Map	Visually depicts the end-to-end flow of activities from the initial request to value creation for the customer.
Velocity	Measure of the quantity of work done in a pre-defined interval. The amount of work an individual or team can complete in a given amount of time
Waste	Any activity which does not add value to a process.
Waterfall	A linear and sequential approach to software development.

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Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

This document provides links to articles and videos related to the Certified Agile Service Manager course from DevOps Institute. This information is provided to enhance your understanding of Agile Service Management-related concepts and terms and is not examinable. Of course, there is a wealth of other videos, blogs and case studies on the web. We welcome suggestions for additions.

Videos Featured in the Course

Module	Title & Description	Link
1: Why Agile Service Management?	5 Values & Principles Agile Organizations have in Common	https://youtu.be/TIeHv-mlnXo
2: Agile Service Management	4 Tips to Deliver Agile IT Service Management	https://youtu.be/rM-3L7Bllh8
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Intro to the Scrum Framework	https://youtu.be/ZiEca9uvi4Y
4: Agile Service Management Roles	What is Servant Leadership	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7mmL-cwgUdQ
5: Agile Process Engineering	I Want to Run an Agile Project	https://youtu.be/4u5N00ApR_k
5: Agile Process Engineering	Microprocess Architecture with Jayne Groll	https://devopsinstitute.wistia.com/medias/9j0h4o6mp6
6: Agile Service Management Artifacts	Agile User Stories	https://youtu.be/apOvF9NVguA
7: Agile Service Management Events	Agile Service Management Sprint Types with Jayne Groll	https://devopsinstitute.wistia.com/medias/miyqy7mlrp
8: Agile Process Improvement	Formula 1 Pit Stops	https://youtu.be/RRy_73ivcms



Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

DevOps Reports

Report & Link	Writers/Publishers
The State of DevOps Report 2021	Puppet
The State of DevOps Report 2020	Puppet, CirceCI and Splunk
The Accelerate State of DevOps Report 2019	Dr. Nicole Forsgren, Gene Kim & Jez Humble in collaboration with Google Cloud Platform (GCP)
Upskilling: Enterprise DevOps Skills Report	DevOps Institute

DevOps Articles

Relevant Module	Article & Link
1: Why Agile Service Management?	Here's Why We Need Value Stream Management from DevOps Institute
1: Why Agile Service Management?	Value Stream Management: Connecting Software Delivery to Business Value from DevOps Institute
1: Why Agile Service Management?	Value Streams – What You Need to Know from ITSM Tools
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Ben Treynor Sloss Interview on Site Reliability Engineering from Google
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	How ITIL 4 and SRE align with DevOps from TechBeacon
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Kanban Explained for Beginners from Kanbanize
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	SRE Is the Most Innovative Approach to ITSM Since ITIL® from DevOps.com
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Trust me: The DevOps Movement fits perfectly with ITSM from The ITSM Review



Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

3: Leveraging Related Guidance	What Is Value Stream Mapping? (And Why Do DevOps Pros Need to Understand It?) from DevOps Institute
4: Agile Service Management Roles	Agile Service Management – Roles and Responsibilities from ITSM Professor
4: Agile Service Management Roles	Agile Service Manager from ITSM Professor
5: Agile Process Engineering	Shifting Sands – Minimum Viable – What is it Really? from ITSM Professor
6: Agile Service Management Artifacts	Advantages of the "As a user, I want" user story template from Mountain Goat Software
6: Agile Service Management Artifacts	INVEST in Good Stories and SMART Tasks from XP123
6: Agile Service Management Artifacts	User Stories with Examples and Template from Atlassian
7: Agile Service Management Events	A fairly thorough guide to understanding Velocity vs Capacity from Clubhouse
8: Agile Process Improvement	Robotic Process Automation from UiPath
8: Agile Process Improvement	What is Plan-Do-Check-Act (PDCA) Cycle? From Kanbanize

WebSites

Title	Link
Agile Alliance	www.agilealliance.org
Agile Manifesto	www.agilemanifesto.org
DevOps Institute	www.devopsinstitute.com
DevOps.com	www.devops.com
IT Revolution	itrevolution.com



Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

ITIL®	www.axelos.com/best-practice-solutions/itil
Lean Enterprise Institute	www.lean.org/WhatsLean
Scrum Alliance	www.scrumalliance.org
Scrum.org	www.scrum.org
Site Reliability Engineering	sre.google
Value Stream Management Consortium	www.vsmconsortium.org

DevOps & IT Service Management Blogs

Blog	Link
DevOps Institute	https://www.devopsinstitute.com/blog/
ITSM Professor	https://www.itsmprofessor.net

Additional Videos of Interest

Relevant Module	Title	Link
2: Agile Service Management	Bringing Agility to your Service Management Team/Process	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5falUHqUOns
2: Agile Service Management	How to Make ITSM Your New Best Friend	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zYb5oMaQb1E
2: Agile Service Management	Learn Agile Service Management	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hawOz0_D0vM



Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

2: Agile Service Management	What is Agile Service Management	https://www.devopsinstitute.com/skilup-minute-what-is-a-gile-service-management/
2: Agile Service Management	Where ITIL Meets Agile	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8jN7ZmZUj1U
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Agile or ITIL?	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gqnwuEHdSxE
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Couples Therapy for DevOps and ITIL	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hle2Ff0oWHQ
3: Leveraging Related Guidance	Learn Scrum in under 8 minutes	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QfFu-YQfK4
4: Agile Service Management Roles	ITSM Roles in an Agile DevOps World	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PAyJAVERzoM

Books & Guides

Title	Author	Link
The Agile Service Management Guide	Jayne Groll	https://bit.ly/ASMGuide2021
ITIL® Foundation	The Stationery Office	https://www.amazon.com/ITIL-foundation-Axelos/dp/0113316070/
Lean IT	Steven C Bell & Michael A Orzen	https://www.amazon.com/Lean-Enabling-Sustaining-Your-Transformation/dp/1439817561
Site Reliability Engineering	Betsy Beyer, Chris Jones, Jennifer Petoff & Niall Richard Murphy	https://www.amazon.com/Site-Reliability-Engineering-Production-Systems/dp/149192912X



Certified Agile Service Manager Course: Value Added Resources

Site Reliability Engineering – A DevOps Institute SKILbook	Eveline Oehrlich	https://www.devopsinstitute.com/skilbooks/site-reliability-engineering-skilbook/
SKILup Reflections 2020	DevOps Institute Ambassadors	https://info.devopsinstitute.com/reflections-ebook-2020
The DevOps Handbook	Gene Kim, Jez Humble, Patrick Debois & John Willis	https://itrevolution.com/book/the-devops-handbook/
The DevOps Journey – A DevOps Institute SKILbook	Eveline Oehrlich	https://www.devopsinstitute.com/skilbooks/devops-journey/
The Phoenix Project	Gene Kim, Kevin Behr & George Spafford	https://itrevolution.com/the-phoenix-project/
The Scrum Guide™	Jeff Sutherland & Ken Schwaber	https://www.scrumguides.org/

Case Stories Featured in the Course

Company	Module	Link
Australia Post	1: Why Agile Service Management?	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://auspostenterprise.com.au/insights/digitising-services/australia-posts-agile-approach-digital-transformation
British Army	2: Agile Service Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://www.computerweekly.com/news/450421266/British-Army-draws-on-infrastructure-refresh-and-automation-to-power-DevOps-drive
Nike	3: Leveraging Related Guidance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> https://www.theserverside.com/feature/Trying-to-make-DevOps-work-Learn-how-Nike-just-did-it https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZEN-1hsbKG8



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Certified Agile Service Manager

Sample Exam with Answer Key

1. Which event's outputs include the next Practice Backlog items to be completed, how those items will be completed and the Sprint Goal?

- A. Sprint Review
- B. Practice Planning
- C. Sprint Planning
- D. Sprint Retrospective

2. According to the Agile Manifesto, which of the following items should NOT be overvalued when developing software?

- A. Working software
- B. Comprehensive documentation
- C. Responding to change
- D. Individuals and interactions

3. Which of the following is NOT a benefit of Agile Service Management?

- A. Optimizing the use of automation for services
- B. Increase the efficiency and effectiveness of processes
- C. Get more "done"
- D. Improve the collaboration between Dev, Ops and Business

4. Which of the following is NOT a basic type of Sprint?

- A. Practice
- B. Strategic
- C. Process Increment
- D. Continual Service Improvement

5. Which of the following is performed by the Agile Practice Owner?

- A. Clarifying the Definition of Done for each increment
- B. Identifying opportunities to optimize automation and reduce manual activities
- C. Prioritizing items in the Practice Backlog
- D. All of the above

6. Which of the following is NOT provided to an Agile Service Management Team for each Sprint?

- A. A completion date
- B. User stories
- C. Practice Backlog
- D. Definition of Done

7. Which of the following roles is the counterpart to the Scrum Master?

- A. Agile Practice Owner
- B. Agile Service Manager
- C. Service Management Scrum Master
- D. Project Manager

8. When should a Process Improvement Review be conducted?

- A. Quarterly for microprocesses, annually for practices
- B. When automation is being considered
- C. Immediately after a microprocess release
- D. Both A and B

9. What is ITIL®?

- A. The IT Infrastructure Library for service delivery
- B. A standard for IT service management
- C. A production philosophy to improve overall customer value
- D. A framework to deliver and maintain IT services to provide optimal value

10. Which of the following is the best definition of capacity?

- A. The ability to do something
- B. The amount of work a team can complete in a given amount of time
- C. An estimate of the total amount of engineering time available for a given Sprint
- D. The maximum amount something can contain

- 11. Which is NOT a Scrum artifact?**
- A. Increment
 - B. Product Backlog
 - C. Progress Chart
 - D. Sprint Backlog
- 12. Who facilitates a Sprint Review?**
- A. The Agile Service Manager
 - B. The Practice Owner
 - C. The Team members take turns
 - D. The Project Manager
- 13. Which of the following is NOT an objective of Agile Service Management?**
- A. Balancing between a service management governance model and a self-regulating system
 - B. Optimize processes across the organization's value streams
 - C. Enabling a faster flow of software delivery
 - D. Ensuring there is the least amount of process control for the greatest amount of speed, quality and compliance
- 14. Which statement applies to Agile Process Engineering?**
- A. Has short feedback and feed-forward loops
 - B. Has a linear, sequential approach
 - C. All requirements are defined upfront
 - D. Robust documentation is required
- 15. Which statement about the Practice Backlog is TRUE?**
- A. It contains requirements for all processes
 - B. Its content is limited to functional requirements
 - C. It inventories and assesses current tools
 - D. It is visible to all stakeholders

- 16. Why are items in the Practice Backlog expressed as user stories?**
- A. User stories describe a requirement from a user's perspective
 - B. User stories are not intended to include all the details
 - C. User stories are used to facilitate communication
 - D. All of the above
- 17. Which of the following is NOT an agile process characteristic?**
- A. Has an accountable owner
 - B. Prizes collaboration and outcomes more than its artifacts
 - C. Allows for self-regulation, with consequences
 - D. Benchmarks against Lean principles
- 18. What is a Minimum Viable Process?**
- A. The least number of steps for the process to succeed
 - B. The part of a process that is tested and ready to be released
 - C. The least amount needed for a process to meet its Definition of Done
 - D. The part of a process that meets the highest priority requirements
- 19. Which BEST describes a Service Management Architecture?**
- A. A set of service management processes that together ensure services meet customer expectations
 - B. A matrix of integrated practices that ensure services deliver the expected value
 - C. A matrix of integrated practices for successfully managing IT services
 - D. A set of service management processes for delivering services of value

20. What is value?

- A. How much someone is willing to pay for something
- B. The cost of an IT service
- C. The price of an IT service
- D. The importance, worth or usefulness of something

21. Which of the following is NOT a reason Process Improvement is Important?

- A. If left unchecked, processes can become complex and bureaucratic
- B. To ensure seamless performance of the end-to-end process
- C. The leap from “just enough” to “too much” can happen quickly
- D. There is a risk people will revert to old way of doing things

22. Which statement about Site Reliability Engineering is INCORRECT?

- A. The goal is to create scalable and reliable distributed software systems
- B. What happens when a hardware engineer is tasked with improving reliability?
- C. Site Reliability Engineers spend 50% of their time on software development
- D. Google considers Site Reliability Engineering its approach to service management

23. The purpose of Practice Backlog Refinement is to

- A. Add or remove items to/from the Practice Backlog
- B. Add or remove items to/from the Sprint Backlog
- C. Add detail, estimates and prioritization to Practice Backlog items
- D. Subdivide the Practice Backlog so it can be worked on by multiple teams

24. Which of the following are examples of Agile Service Management automation?

- A. Monitoring, observability and event management
- B. Dashboards, metrics and analytics
- C. Robotic process automation
- D. All of the above

25. Which of the following is NOT a Lean Principle?

- A. Define value
- B. Map the value stream
- C. Create Flow
- D. Establish Push

26. What is a process?

- A. A structured set of activities designed to accomplish a specific objective
- B. A distinct activity that can be defined, designed, implemented and managed independently
- C. All the activities from a customer request to a delivered product or service
- D. A set of activities for delivering an IT service

27. What is the timebox for Sprint Planning?

- A. 1.5-3 hours
- B. 2-4 hours
- C. 4-8 hours
- D. It is not timeboxed

- 28. Who is responsible for planning Process Improvement Reviews?**
- A. The Agile Service Manager
 - B. The Team
 - C. The Agile Practice Owner
 - D. The Project Manager
- 29. Which is NOT one of the underlying principles of the Agile Manifesto?**
- A. Changes are accepted late in development
 - B. The highest priority is working software
 - C. The best services emerge from self-organizing teams
 - D. Promote sustainable activities and a consistent pace indefinitely
- 30. Which of the following is NOT part of how the Agile Service Manager serves the Team?**
- A. Coaching them to be self-managing
 - B. Assisting them adopt and adapt Scrum
 - C. Helping those outside the Team understand how to interact with the Team
 - D. Ensuring the Team focuses on producing the expected artifacts
- 31. Which of the following are included in a Sprint Backlog?**
- A. Subset of the Practice Backlog
 - B. Sprint Goal
 - C. Sprint Planning
 - D. Both A and B
- 32. Which statement about DevOps is INCORRECT?**
- A. DevOps is a documented set of best practices
 - B. DevOps is a cultural movement
 - C. DevOps has three principles
 - D. DevOps applies systems thinking across the entire value stream

- 33. To better meet customers' needs, an organization wants to become more Agile. What is one of the ways that they can accomplish this goal?**
- A. Focus primarily on tools and applications
 - B. Be more adaptive
 - C. Be more aggressive
 - D. All of the above
- 34. What is the difference between Agile Process Engineering and traditional process design?**
- A. Traditional process design takes longer to roll out an entire process
 - B. Agile Process Engineering requires fewer stakeholders
 - C. Agile Process Engineering designs and implements a process in smaller, frequent increments
 - D. Traditional process design has more feedback loops
- 35. Which Scrum artifact shows what items will be completed in this Sprint?**
- A. Increment
 - B. Product Backlog
 - C. Sprint Backlog
 - D. Progress Chart
- 36. What is the key responsibility of an Agile Practice Owner?**
- A. Manage the Practice Backlog
 - B. Ensuring that Agile values are embedded in the practice
 - C. Assessing the quality and value of the practice
 - D. Communicating the practice's vision and goal

- 37. Which of the following is the best definition of agility?**
- A. Being able to change direction quickly
 - B. Centers around speed, collaboration and adaptability
 - C. Accomplishing an objective for a customer in a timely manner
 - D. Being efficient with the minimum number of steps
- 38. What happens to any uncompleted Sprint Backlog items at the end of a Sprint?**
- A. Reprioritized with the new Sprint Backlog items
 - B. Reprioritized with other Practice Backlog items
 - C. Given higher priority for the next Sprint
 - D. Given lower priority for the next Sprint
- 39. Which is described as an inspection of progress toward the Sprint Goal?**
- A. Sprint Review
 - B. Process Standup
 - C. Sprint Retrospective
 - D. Practice Backlog Refinement
- 40. Which of the following is a benefit of using automation with Agile Service Management?**
- A. Fewer errors
 - B. Faster recovery
 - C. Business and customer satisfaction
 - D. All of the above

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ANSWER KEY

Question	Answer	Topic Area
1	C	7: Agile Service Management Events
2	B	1: Why Agile Service Management?
3	A	2: Agile Service Management
4	A	7: Agile Service Management Events
5	D	4: Agile Service Management Roles
6	C	5: Agile Process Engineering
7	B	4: Agile Service Management Roles
8	D	8: Agile Process Improvement
9	D	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
10	C	7: Agile Service Management Events
11	C	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
12	A	7: Agile Service Management Events
13	D	2: Agile Service Management
14	A	5: Agile Process Engineering
15	D	6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
16	D	6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
17	A	5: Agile Process Engineering
18	C	4: Agile Service Management Roles
19	B	5: Agile Process Engineering
20	D	1: Why Agile Service Management?

21	B	8: Agile Process Improvement
22	B	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
23	C	6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
24	D	8: Agile Process Improvement
25	D	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
26	A	2: Agile Service Management
27	C	7: Agile Service Management Events
28	C	8: Agile Process Improvement
29	B	1: Why Agile Service Management?
30	D	4: Agile Service Management Roles
31	D	6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
32	A	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
33	B	1: Why Agile Service Management?
34	C	2: Agile Service Management
35	C	3: Leveraging Related Guidance
36	A	4: Agile Service Management Roles
37	B	5: Agile Process Engineering
38	B	6: Agile Service Management Artifacts
39	B	7: Agile Service Management Events
40	D	8: Agile Process Improvement



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